



# DRAFT Surveillance Testing Policy

Effective Date: TBA

## Objective

The DLC Surveillance Testing Program actively monitors the validity of data and other information submitted to the DLC Solid-State Lighting QPL (SSL QPL) to protect the value of the QPL for all stakeholders. This policy outlines a process for selection of products from the QPL for additional testing and for verifying the claim of safety certification coverage. The DLC may seek to implement additional efforts toward these objectives in future policy development cycles.

## Surveillance Testing Process

### A. Product Selection

1. In order to maximize the use of limited resources, surveillance will focus primarily on identifying products with higher-than-average risk of non-compliance. The following criteria will be considered during the selection process to identify these products:
  - a. Products whose performance is close to meeting the tolerance of the Technical Requirements under which they were qualified (e.g. a Premium product will be evaluated against the Premium requirements).
  - b. Products whose performance greatly exceeds the Technical Requirements.
  - c. Listed products with past application issues, including, but not limited to, test reports with reporting issues that question the validity of the test data, supplemental documentation with issues that question the validity of the documentation, and indications of product misrepresentation.
  - d. Complaints from stakeholders, including DLC Members. Complaints from non-Members will require documentation before being considered as valid selection criteria.
  - e. Products of manufacturers that have chosen not to participate in the Surveillance Testing investigation after being selected in previous Surveillance Testing rounds (see section B.2.).



- 28 f. Products of manufacturers that have a history of failing results from previous  
29 Surveillance Testing rounds.
- 30 g. Products randomly selected from the QPL.
- 31 2. The frequency and the number of products selected through the Surveillance Testing process  
32 for each round of testing will be at the sole discretion of the DLC. Product selection may focus  
33 on one of the criteria above or several. Regardless of the selection criteria, the metrics  
34 reported in the testing will remain constant, depending on the type of test ordered  
35 (integrating sphere/goniophotometer).
- 36 3. As always, manufacturers may voluntarily de-list their products from the QPL at any time  
37 without penalty. With the Surveillance Testing program, this must occur *prior* to being  
38 selected for testing to avoid potential consequences. Please e-mail  
39 [applications@designlights.org](mailto:applications@designlights.org) for more information on de-listing any of your organization's  
40 products.
- 41 Manufacturers should factor in their product performance data and possible risk for failure to  
42 determine if voluntarily removing products from the QPL prior to being selected is  
43 appropriate. For example, products that qualified using tolerances to meet the Technical  
44 Requirements may carry a higher risk of not meeting the Technical Requirements during  
45 Surveillance Testing.
- 46 4. If a product and/or component necessary for testing is not available for procurement at the  
47 time of selection (i.e. it is no longer for sale/manufactured), it will be considered declining to  
48 participate. Exceptions will be made for made-to-order products. Products that are no longer  
49 sold should be proactively removed from the QPL by the manufacturer.
- 50 5. Products cannot be subject to "double jeopardy". If a product has been tested and passes  
51 through the Surveillance Testing program and has not been updated in any manner, it is  
52 immune from being selected again.
- 53 6. Manufacturers who have three selections that all yield passing results within a calendar year  
54 will have a temporary exemption from further selections. This temporary exemption lasts for  
55 nine months and applies to the verification of product performance – not safety certification.

## 56 B. Notification to Selected Manufacturer

57 The DLC will notify the selected manufacturer by email using the contact information provided in  
58 the Application Portal. If a given manufacturer account has multiple users, all users registered to the  
59 account will be notified. If a manufacturer has been previously selected, only the designated  
60 contact(s) from prior selections will be notified.

61 The selected manufacturer will have 10 business days from the date of notification to respond to  
62 the selection email. Selected manufacturers have two options in responding: accept the selection  
63 and continue with the Surveillance Testing process, or decline the selection, which will result in the  
64 selected product and associated products being removed from the QPL. See section F for further  
65 detail.

66 If no response is received within 10 business days, or if there is no anticipated action taken by the  
67 manufacturer as determined by the DLC, the selected product and associated products will be de-  
68 listed. See section F for further detail. Selected manufacturers may seek additional information  
69 about the selection during this 10-day period; however, action will be taken on the 10th day of the  
70 period.

71 1. Accepting the Selection

- 72 a. If the selected manufacturer agrees to move forward, the investigation will begin.
- 73 b. Accepting the selection indicates that the product can be procured within a  
74 reasonable timeframe (eight weeks unless otherwise agreed upon with the DLC at the  
75 time of acceptance).

76 2. Declining the Selection

- 77 a. The selected manufacturer has the option to decline to participate, which will result in  
78 the product and all associated products being removed from the QPL. For further  
79 information on consequences, see section F.

80 **C. Invoice and Procurement**

81 Products undergoing investigation will remain confidential between the selected manufacturer and  
82 the DLC. Outside parties, including other manufacturers, end users, etc. will not have access to  
83 investigation information. DLC Member utilities may have access to limited information.

84 1. Invoicing

- 85 a. After the DLC receives completed acceptance documentation, an invoice will be sent  
86 to the manufacturer to cover the testing and administrative costs of the selection(s).
- 87 b. If the invoice is not paid within the allotted timeframe, the product, as well as any  
88 associated products, will be removed from the QPL. See section F for further  
89 information on consequences. Any issues paying within the allotted timeframe must  
90 be discussed with the DLC upon receipt of the invoice.
- 91 c. Procurement information will not be sent until the invoice for that selection has been  
92 paid and processed.
- 93 d. Manufacturers opting for a wire transfer must pay the fees associated with the  
94 transfer of funds.

95 2. Product Procurement

- 96 a. The DLC may procure products from any number of sources, but will procure directly  
97 from the manufacturer in eligible cases.
- 98 b. The number of samples required for Surveillance Testing will be equivalent to the  
99 number needed in the original qualification testing, unless otherwise stated. Examples  
100 include:
  - 101 i. A luminaire will require 1 sample.

- 102                           ii. A 4' linear replacement lamp will require 2 samples.
- 103                           iii. A 2' linear replacement lamp will require 3 samples.
- 104           3. If chosen, manufacturers are required to supply the product as it would be supplied to a
- 105           customer. It should be identical to what a customer would receive and go through the same
- 106           internal processes.
- 107                   a. Samples used for testing during a prior submission may not be used for Surveillance
- 108                   Testing.
- 109                   b. Product prototypes or "engineering samples" may not be used for Surveillance
- 110                   Testing.
- 111           4. Any components required between the mains and the product (such as a ballast for a UL Type
- 112           A linear replacement lamp, a stepdown transformer, Option B reference housing, etc.), must
- 113           also be supplied to the lab during the procurement phase by the selected manufacturer. To
- 114           minimize confusion, these should be shipped at the same time as the product.
- 115           5. Products are expected to be shipped within eight weeks of procurement information being
- 116           sent. Products expected to take more than eight weeks must be disclosed to the DLC at the
- 117           time of accepting the selection, and an explanation must be provided.

## 118 **D. Product Testing and Evaluation**

### 119 **Product Testing: Procedures**

- 120           1. Testing will be conducted only by pre-approved labs contracted by the DLC for Surveillance
- 121           Testing. Approved laboratories were determined by responding to a Request for Proposal
- 122           (RFP) issued by the DLC. Specific lab locations will be chosen for any individual investigation at
- 123           the DLC's discretion. Factors may include proximity (for shipping purposes), laboratories that
- 124           have a particular reference housing, etc.
- 125           2. The metrics to be tested will be dependent on the type of test (integrating sphere or
- 126           goniophotometer) being used.
- 127           3. Dual Mode products (UL Type A or B) will be tested using an approved ballast. The ballast shall
- 128           be sent by the manufacturer with the product, as described in section C.4.
- 129           4. Products requiring testing in a reference housing will be tested in a housing selected by the
- 130           DLC from the Approved and Pre-approved Equivalent lists (found [here](#) for retrofit kids, [here](#)
- 131           for HID replacement lamps, and [here](#) for linear replacement lamps). As qualification policy
- 132           states, a product is expected to meet the Technical Requirements in any of the approved
- 133           reference housings.
- 134                   a. Alternatively, a manufacturer may provide the preferred housing for Surveillance
- 135                   Testing (must be an approved reference housing). If this option is chosen, the
- 136                   manufacturer is responsible for all costs associated with providing the housing.

137 5. The test lab will look for any obvious signs that the product is not performing as intended (i.e.  
 138 inability to stabilize the product). The manufacturer will be notified in those cases and testing  
 139 will resume once the issue has been resolved. This may necessitate procurement of new  
 140 samples.

141 **Product Evaluation**

142 The DLC will evaluate every product against two tables. Table 1 is used to verify that the product  
 143 meets the Technical Requirements. Table 2 is used to ensure that the product not only meets the  
 144 Technical Requirements, but also lists accurate information on the QPL. A snapshot of the QPL will  
 145 be taken at the time of selection, and that data will be used as a comparison to the data taken  
 146 during Surveillance Testing. Any effort to update a selected product after notification will not be  
 147 considered unless agreed upon with the DLC prior to the update.

148 **Table 1: Verifying the Product Meets the Technical Requirements**

Metric	Tolerance
Light output	- 10%
Efficacy	- 3%
Allowable CCT	+/- 1 ANSI bin from qualification*
CRI	- 2 points
Power Factor	- 3%
THD	+ 5%
Zonal Lumens	Refer to Table 4 of the Technical Requirements
NEMA Classification	No tolerance

149 *\*Defined by ANSI C78.377-2015. It is also referred to for  $D_{uv}$  and (x,y) chromaticity coordinates*  
 150 *tolerances for indoor categories.*

151 **Table 2: Verifying Accuracy of QPL Product Data**

Metric	Tolerance
Light Output	- 9.6%
System Wattage	+ 12.7%
CRI	- 5.9%

- 152
- 153 1. Product spec sheets will be reviewed for potential product misrepresentation (i.e. the product  
 154 qualified is different than the product received during Surveillance Testing). This may include  
 155 review of spec sheets found in the marketplace. The DLC may allow for minute changes to the  
 156 product – at Program Manager discretion – without a product update. This should be  
 157 confirmed in writing prior to being selected.
  - 158 2. Upon completion of testing, the DLC will review the results. The established tolerances  
 159 (above) will be applied to the test data to verify compliance.
    - 160 a. When reviewing against Table 1:

- 161 i. Parent products will have both the tested and reported data reviewed.  
162 ii. Child products will be evaluated against reported data only.
- 163 b. When reviewing against Table 2:
- 164 i. Parent products will have both the tested and reported data listed on the QPL  
165 reviewed. These products will only be considered non-compliant if they fail to  
166 meet the Table 2 tolerances for both the tested *and* reported data.  
167 ii. Child products will be evaluated against reported data only.
- 168 c. Products will be reviewed against the Primary Use Designation (PUD) that was  
169 selected. If non-compliant, all PUDs under which the product is qualified may be  
170 removed as well.
- 171 d. Some Technical Requirements are not explicitly listed in Table 1 or Table 2. These  
172 include requirements such as lumens per foot, zonal lumens, or zonal efficacy. For  
173 these requirements, the root metric will be examined (e.g. light output when  
174 examining lumens per foot).
- 175 e. For products that were qualified using allowances, the allowance will be applied to the  
176 requirement first, followed by the tolerance.
- 177 3. Upon review of the test results, the DLC will notify the manufacturer of the results with a final  
178 ruling on the outcome of the testing. The outcomes are as follows:
- 179 a. The sample meets or exceeds the DLC Technical Requirements and tests within Table  
180 2 tolerances: the product is considered compliant and no further action is needed.
- 181 b. The sample failed to meet the DLC Technical Requirements when using Table 1  
182 tolerances: the product is considered non-compliant. See section F for consequences.
- 183 c. The sample meets the DLC Technical Requirements, but falls outside Table 2  
184 tolerances: the product is considered non-compliant. See section F for consequences.

## 185 E. Appeals

- 186 1. The selected manufacturer will have the option to appeal the results. This process must be  
187 started within five business days of receiving the results from the DLC. Any fees required to  
188 investigate the appeal will be at the sole responsibility of the manufacturer requesting the  
189 appeal. Appeals are only applicable to the results of testing; there is no appeal process for the  
190 consequence enforced. The product(s) may be de-listed from the QPL upon failure and during  
191 the appeals process. If the original ruling is overturned, the product(s) will return to the QPL  
192 with the original date of qualification at the conclusion of the appeal.
- 193 2. An appeal must include:
- 194 a. Sufficient detail that addresses the reason for questioning the validity of the test  
195 results, as well as a remedy to the situation.

- 196                   b. Agreement to pay the fees associated with the appeal. Fees will be based on  
197                   administrative cost of the appeal and the fees associated with any additional required  
198                   testing or product procurement to resolve the appeal.
- 199           3. The following are some examples of items that will not be considered during the appeals  
200           process:
- 201                   a. Manufacturers indicating a change to a supplier's process.
- 202                   b. The wrong product was sent.
- 203                   c. Different test data on the same product with no technical justification.
- 204           4. The DLC will review the appeal and reserves the right to ask for additional information or  
205           reject the appeal if sufficient information to explain the situation cannot be provided. Appeals  
206           will either be:
- 207                   a. Accepted: An accepted appeal may require additional product testing. If so, the  
208                   procedures listed above (for procurement and testing) will be repeated. Any new test  
209                   results will be used to make a final determination of the tested product's  
210                   performance.
- 211                   b. Rejected: If an appeal is rejected, the original failure ruling will stand and the  
212                   product(s) will remain de-listed from QPL.
- 213           5. The manufacturer will be notified at the end of the appeals process as to the final results of  
214           the appeal. Appeal results are final.
- 215           6. Products will not be returned to the manufacturer until the entirety of the process, including  
216           appeals, has concluded.

## 217 F. Consequences

218           The following is a summary of consequences that may be implemented due to non-compliance with  
219           DLC policy. Additional consequences may be imposed at the discretion of the DLC. The intent of any  
220           consequence is to ensure that products that have been listed with unreliable data on the QPL are  
221           subject to appropriate corrective actions.

### 222 Non-Compliance Due to Product Testing

- 223           1. The selected product fails to meet the DLC Technical Requirements using Table 1 tolerances:
- 224                   a. **First instance:** A product that fails Surveillance Testing for the first time will be  
225                   removed from the QPL. Products associated with the failed product will also be de-  
226                   listed; this includes all family members (regardless of whether the selected product  
227                   was a parent or child product) and private labels. DLC Members will have access to  
228                   generalized information about products that have been removed from the QPL due to  
229                   Surveillance Testing.

- 230 b. **Second instance:** All first instance consequences. Additionally, the manufacturer may  
231 be suspended from the DLC program for a period of up to 12 months. A suspension  
232 prohibits manufacturers from submitting or qualifying any products during that  
233 timeframe.
- 234 c. **Third instance:** All first and second instance consequences. Additionally, the  
235 manufacturer's remaining products on the QPL, including private labels, may be de-  
236 listed until compliance is assured.
- 237 2. Selected product falls outside Table 2 tolerances, but still meets DLC Technical Requirements:
- 238 a. **First instance:**
- 239 i. **Parent Product:** The manufacturer is required to update the individual  
240 product on the QPL (at the full application fee), or may opt to have the  
241 product de-listed. If the manufacturer chooses to update the product, [a new](#)  
242 [application](#) must be submitted within 10 business days of receiving the results  
243 or the associated child products and private labels will be de-listed. That  
244 product family may be flagged for additional screening in a future round of  
245 testing.
- 246 ii. **Child Product:** The manufacturer is required to update the individual product  
247 on the QPL (at the full application fee), or may opt to have the product de-  
248 listed. If the manufacturer chooses to update the product, a new application  
249 must be submitted within 10 business days of receiving the results or the  
250 product, as well as any associate private labels, will be de-listed.
- 251 – If a child product fails the Table 2 requirements and the data  
252 demonstrates that it should become the new worst-case product in  
253 the family (i.e. it should be a parent), the whole family will be de-  
254 listed. The manufacturer must [submit a new application](#) to ensure  
255 compliance. New model numbers are not required. The new family  
256 may be flagged for additional screening in a future round.
- 257 b. **Second instance:** All first instance consequences. Additionally, the manufacturer may  
258 be suspended from the DLC program for a period of up to three months.
- 259 c. **Third instance:** All first and second instance consequences. Additionally, the  
260 manufacturer's remaining products on the QPL, including private labels, may be de-  
261 listed until compliance is assured.
- 262 3. Selected product meets or exceeds the DLC Technical Requirements, and tests within  
263 tolerances listed in Table 2 above: No action taken. The manufacturer may opt to [update the](#)  
264 [product](#) at their discretion. Normal application fees will apply.



265 **Non-Compliance Outside of Product Testing**

- 266 1. Manufacturer declines to move forward with the selection:
- 267 a. **First time declining:** Selected product is de-listed. If this product is an OEM product
- 268 that has been Private Labeled, all private labels will be de-listed. If it was a parent
- 269 product, the whole family will be de-listed. Increased likelihood of another product
- 270 from the manufacturer being chosen for Surveillance Testing.
- 271 b. **Second time declining:** All first time declining consequences. Additionally, the
- 272 manufacturer may be suspended from the DLC program for a period of up to six
- 273 months, including de-listing of other products currently listed on the QPL.
- 274 2. Manufacturer misses published deadline (response to notification, invoice deadline,
- 275 procurement deadline, etc.):
- 276 a. **OEM:** The selected product will be de-listed. If it was a parent product, the whole
- 277 family will be de-listed. Any products de-listed will have their associated Private
- 278 Labeled products de-listed.
- 279 b. **Private Labeler:** The selected product will be de-listed. If it was a parent product, the
- 280 whole family will be de-listed. OEM products will not be de-listed.
- 281 c. **Multiple Missed Deadlines (OEM or Private Labeler):** All first time consequences.
- 282 Additionally, the manufacturer may be suspended from the DLC program for a period
- 283 of up to six months, including de-listing of other products currently listed on the QPL.
- 284 3. Product misrepresentation:
- 285 a. Product misrepresentation is handled on a case-by-case basis and consequences may
- 286 include product de-listings, suspensions, and/or fines.
- 287 4. Other/Miscellaneous:
- 288 a. Situations not outlined in this policy will be handled at the sole discretion of the DLC.

289 **G. Re-listing Products**

290 Products which are:

- 291 1. De-listed due to declining the selection or non-response:
- 292 a. These products may be re-submitted through [the normal application process](#) no
- 293 earlier than six months after the date de-listed. Normal application fees will be
- 294 assessed.
- 295 2. De-listed due to failing the Table 1 or Table 2 requirements:
- 296 a. These products may be submitted through [the normal application process](#) with *new*
- 297 *testing and new model numbers*. The same model number may not be used (unless
- 298 otherwise noted in section F). Normal application fees will be assessed.

- 299                    b. Note that this does not apply to products that failed only the Table 2 requirements  
300                    and were updated within the allotted timeframe.
- 301                    3. De-listed due to failing Table 1 requirements, *but* Surveillance Testing data falls within the  
302                    Table 2 tolerances:
- 303                    a. These products may be submitted through [the normal application process](#) with new  
304                    testing on the model which failed to meet the requirements. Normal application fees will  
305                    only be assessed for any new test reports being evaluated. New model numbers are not  
306                    required.

## 307 **Safety Certification Verification**

308 In an effort to streamline the application submission process, the DLC [changed the verification process](#)  
309 [for safety certification coverage](#) on March 26, 2018. (Technical Requirements V4.3). With this revision,  
310 the DLC only requires a compliance certificate and statement from the manufacturer certifying that all  
311 products contained therein are covered.

312 To ensure the veracity of claims made during qualification, the DLC will carry out a more in-depth  
313 verification on a select number of products each year. If qualified under Technical Requirements V4.3 or  
314 later, that product's safety certification will automatically be reviewed during the normal Surveillance  
315 Testing process. Additionally, the DLC reserves the right to examine products for safety compliance  
316 outside of the traditional Surveillance Testing process. While manufacturers will not receive explicit  
317 notification of this verification, manufacturers will be notified in the event of non-compliance.

### 318 **Process**

- 319                    1. Product is selected by the DLC, either as part of the existing Surveillance Testing Program or  
320                    independently.
- 321                    2. The DLC sends the following information to the relevant safety organization for verification:
- 322                    a. Manufacturer Name
- 323                    b. Model Number
- 324                    c. Unique Identifier
- 325                                    i. CSA: Certificate Number
- 326                                    ii. Intertek: Report Number
- 327                                    iii. UL: File Number
- 328                                    iv. Other: the DLC will work to identify proper documentation
- 329                    3. Safety organization confirms whether or not the product is covered by the  
330                    certificate/report/file number provided to the DLC during qualification.
- 331                    a. Note that if, after qualification, the safety documentation gets updated so that any  
332                    model number(s) listed on the QPL are no longer covered by the original safety

333 certificate, it is the responsibility of the manufacturer to submit the revised  
334 documentation to the DLC so that the DLC records can be updated accordingly.

### 335 **Consequences**

- 336 1. All products sharing the family ID with the non-compliant product will be de-listed.
  - 337 a. In the event that multiple safety documents were submitted within a single family ID,  
338 products will be reviewed by the DLC prior to de-listing to ensure that covered  
339 products are not de-listed.
- 340 2. Non-compliant products will be referred to proper safety organization.
- 341 3. DLC Members will be provided with all products de-listed due to non-compliance.

### 342 **Re-Listing**

343 De-listed products may be submitted through [the normal application process](#). Several changes must be  
344 made for the new application:

- 345 1. Products must be submitted with new model numbers.
  - 346 a. The manufacturer must notify the reviewer that these model numbers have changed  
347 since being listed previously on the QPL.
- 348 2. Safety certification will be verified up front during the initial review, similar to the application  
349 submission process prior to Technical Requirements V4.3 (i.e. a digital signature confirming  
350 safety coverage will not be sufficient).
- 351 3. The appropriate safety organization must send documentation directly to DLC review staff to  
352 verify coverage of all models in the application.